

Guardian High School & Jr. College
SEMESTER - II (2023-2024)

Std: - XI

Date: - 01/04/2024

Duration: - 3 hour

Sub: हिन्दी

Marks:- 80

सूचनाएँ

1. सूचना के अनुसार गद्य पद्य विशेष अध्ययन तथा व्यावहारिक हिंदी की कृतियों (अ)के अनुसार आकृतियों में ही उत्तर लिखना अपेक्षित है।
2. सभी आकृतियों के लिए पेन का ही उपयोग कीजिए।
3. आकृतियों में उत्तर पेन से ही लिखना आवश्यक है।
4. व्याकरण विभाग में पूछी गई कृतियों के उत्तर के लिए आकृतियों की आवश्यकता नहीं है।

(विभाग -१: गद्य)

कृति 1 अ) गद्यांश पढ़कर सूचना के अनुसार कृतियाँ पूर्ण कीजिए :

(12)

दादी ने नरक चौदस के दिन आटे के दीप बनाकर मुख्य द्वार से लेकर हर कमरे की देहरी जगनगा दी थी। घर पकवान की खुशबू से तरबतर था। गुड़िया, पपड़ी, चकली आदि सब कुछ था। मगर दस वर्षीय उषा को तो चॉकलेट और बंगाली मिठाइयाँ ही पसंद थीं। दादी कहती हैं कि - 'तेरे लिए तेरी पसंद की मिठाई ही आएगी। यह सब तो पड़ोसियों, नाते-रिश्तेदारों, घर आए मेहमानों के लिए हैं।'

आटे के दीपक कंपाउंड की मुंडेर पर जलकर सुबह तक बुझ गए थे। उषा जॉगिंग के लिए फ्लैट से नीचे उतरी तो उसने देखा पूरा कंपाउंड पटाखों के कचरे से भरा हुआ था। उसने देखा, सफाई करने वाला बबन उन दीपों को कचरे के डिब्बे में न डाल अपनी जेब में रख रहा था। कृशकाय बबन कंपाउंड में झाड़ू लगाते हुए हर रोज उसे सलाम करता था। 'तुमने दीपक जेब में क्यों रख लिए?' उषा ने पूछा। 'घर जाकर अच्छे से सेंककर खा लेंगे, अन्न देवता हैं ना।' बबन ने खीसे निपोरे।

उषा की आँखें विस्मय से भर उठीं। तमाम दावतों में भरी प्लेटों में से जरा-सा टूंगने वाले मेहमान और कचरे के डिब्बे के हवाले प्लेटों का अंबार उसकी आँखों में सैलाब बनकर उमड़ आया। वह दौड़ती हुई घर गई। जल्दी-जल्दी पकवानों से थैली भरी और दौड़ती हुई एक सॉस में सीढ़ियाँ उतर गई..... अब वह थी और बबन की काँपती हथेलियों पर पकवान की थैली। उषा की आँखों में हजारों दीप जल उठे और पकवानों की थैली देख बबन की आँखों में खुशी के आँसू छलक आए।

1. निम्नलिखित परिच्छेद पढ़कर सूचना के अनुसार कृतियाँ कीजिए।

(05)

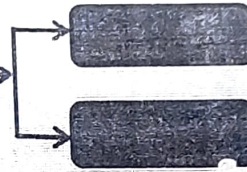
(अ) दादी ने आटे के दीपों से जगमगा दी



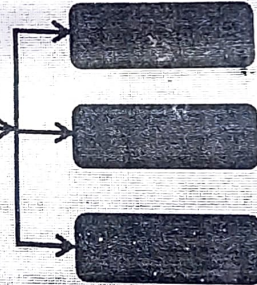
(आ) घर में किसकी खुशबू थी



(इ) उषा को केवल यही मिठाई पसंद थी



(ई) घर के पकवान इनके लिए थे



2. दावत में होने वाली अन्न की बरबादी पर उषा की प्रतिक्रिया

(03)

3. 'उषा' की दीपावलीलघुकथा द्वारा प्राप्त संदेश 'उत्तर ८० से १०० शब्दों लिखिए।

(04)

कृति 13A) गद्यांश पढ़कर सूचना के अनुसार कृतियाँ पूर्ण कीजिए :

(08)

इधर मैं कई दिनों से बड़ा परेशान चल रहा हूँ। सब मेरा भला करना चाहते हैं। अखबार पढ़ने बैठता हूँ तो समाचार पढ़ने से पहले ढेर सारे कागज साथ में आ जाते हैं। कोई कहता है आपके द्वार पर आकर बैठे हैं। सभी तरह के इलाज के लिए क्लीनिक खोल दिया है। आप मोटे हैं तो पतला कर देंगे। पागल हैं तो ठीक कर देंगे। क्लीनिक से हर स्लिमिंग सेंटरवाला कह रहा है, 'बस ! आप आ जाएँ, बाकी सब हम पर छोड़ दें। हलवाई की दुकानवाला कह रहा है, 'ऐसी मिठाई आपने कभी न खाई होगी। मीठा खाएँ पर मीठे का असर न हो', ऐसी चीनी का इस्तेमाल करते हैं वे।

क्रेडिट कार्डवाला फ्री डेबिट कार्ड दे रहा है। पैसे खर्च करने या नकद खर्च की कोई जरूरत पहले नहीं है। आप बेवजह पैसे के पीछे दौड़ रहे हैं। हम सामान आपके घर लाना चाहते हैं, आप बस माल खरीदें ! गाड़ीवाला नई गाड़ी के कागज दिए जा रहा है। साथ में लोन देने वाला बैंक के कागज भी दिए जा रहा है।

अखबार के साथ पैंफलेट इतने ज्यादा हैं कि उन्हें पढ़ने बैठ जाओ तो अखबार पढ़ने के लिए वक़्त नहीं बचेगा।

जिसे देखो, वही हमारी चिंता कर रहा है। मुरक्यापी, चरमपंथी, लोभियों, अहंकारियों, अंधविश्वासियों, किसी भी प्रदर्शनी को देखते वक़्त आ जाएंगे। आपको लगेगा, हमने पगो बजा आत्मविषय पा ली है कि सने हमारा आटोग्राफ लेना चाहते हैं। वे फार्म भरवा रही हैं। इनाम के लालच में फार्म के साथ कुछ उम्मीदें बँधाकर जा रही हैं। घर में बैठा हूँ, कोई साफ पानी पीने के लिए वॉटर फिल्टर लगाना चाह रहा है। पैसे की तो कोई बात ही नहीं करता, पैसे आते रहेंगे। आप बस, फार्म भर दीजिए। सब कुछ आसान किस्तों में है, पता ही नहीं चलेगा। क्रेडिट कार्डवाला नियमित रूप से विवरण भेज रहा है। आप बस पेट्रोल भरवाते रहें। साबुन माँगो तो कोई एक टिकिया देता ही नहीं। सीधे कम-से-कम चार टिकियाँ पकड़ाएँगे जिसमें एक सूरत। हर जगह एक फ्री का इतना चलन है कि लगता है सब जगह भाईचारा बढ़ गया है। कोई खाने की चीज छोटी नहीं रही। सीधे 'लार्जर दॅन लाइफ' हो गई है। पहले ज्यादा खाओ फिर पचाने के लिए पाचक गोलियाँ खाओ। इससे पहले की है, किसी ने किसी की इतनी चिंता! लोग कोसते रहते हैं कि दुनिया से प्यार-मुहब्बत कम होती जा रही है। यह उनकी समझ की कमी है? प्यार तो दोगुना-चौगुना बढ़ा है।

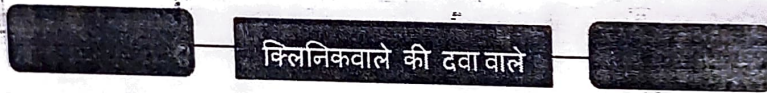
(अ) लिखिए:

(१)



(03)

(२)



(आ) कारण लिखिए -

- (१) सर्वत्र भाईचारा बढ़ने का सबूत -
- (२) लेखक के अनुसार प्यार की बढ़ी मात्रा -
- (३) क्रेडिट कार्डवाला क्या दे रहा है -
- (इ) 'अखबारों' के साथ पैंम्पलेट भेजे जाने के बारे में आपकी प्रतिक्रिया।

(03)

(02)

(विभाग - २: पद्य)

कृति 2 अ) निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश पढ़कर दी गई सूचनाओं के अनुसार कृतियाँ कीजिए:

(10)

माँ मेरी बेवजह ही रोती है-
फोन पर जब भी बात होती है
फोन रखने पर मैं भी रोता हूँ।

सख्त ऊपर से मगर दिल से बहुत नाजुक हैं
चोट लगती है मुझे और वह तड़प उठते हैं
हर पिता में ही कोई माँ भी छुपी होती है।

मेरे ऑफिस में महीनों से मेरी दिन की शिफ्ट
तेरे ऑफिस में महीनों से तेरी रात की शिफ्ट
नन्हे बच्चों को तो टुकड़ों में मिले हैं माँबाप-

उगते सूरज को सलागी तो सभी देते हैं
डूबते वनत मगर उसको भुला मत देना
डूबनाउगना तो नजरों का महज धोखा है।-

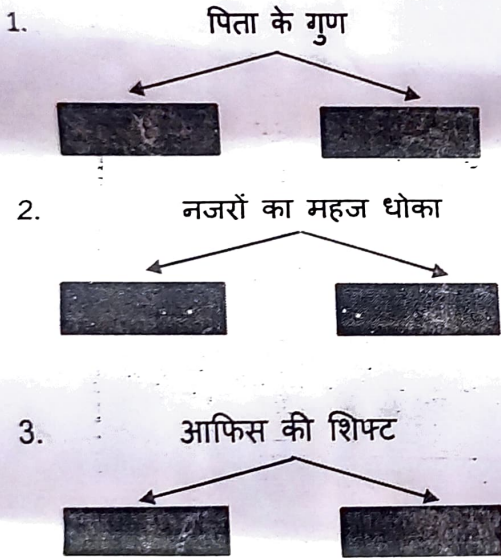
चलतेचलते जो कभी गिर जाओ-
खुद को सँभालो और फिर से चलो
चोट खाकर ही सीख मिलती है।

(अ) कारण लिखिए: -

- (१) माँ, मेरी आवाज सुनकर रोती है -
(२) बच्चों को माता-पिता का प्यार टुकड़ों में मिलता है -
(३) फोन रखने पर लेखक रोते हैं -

(आ) लिखिए: -

(03)



(इ) जानकारी दीजिए:

(04)

(अ) 'त्रिवेणी' काव्य प्रकार की विशेषताएँ -

(१)

(२)

(आ) त्रिपुरारि जी की अन्य रचनाएँ -

(१)

(२)

कृति 2 आ) निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश पढ़कर दी गई सूचनाओं के अनुसार कृतियों की रचना (10)

तुफ़ानों तो इस शहर में अक्रर आता है
देखे अबके किसका नंबर आता है

यारों के भी दाँत बहुत जहरीले हैं
हमको भी साँपों का मंतर आता है

सूखे बादल होंठों पर कुछ लिखते हैं
आँखों में सैलाब का मंजर आता है

तकरीरों में सबके जौहर खुलते हैं
अंदर जो पलता है, बाहर आता है

बचकर रहना, एक कातिल इस बस्ती में
कागज की पोशाक पहनकर आता है बोता है

वो रोज तअफ़्फुन जहनों में
जो कपड़ों पर इत्र लगाकर आता है

रहमत मिलने आती है पर फैलाए
पलकों पर जब कोई पयंबर आता है

सूख चुका हूँफिर भी मेरे साहिल पर
पानी पीने रोज समंदर आता है

उन आँखों की नींदें गुम हो जाती हैं
जिन आँखों को ख्वाब मयस्सर आता है

(1) लिखिए :

(अ) कवि ने इनसे सावधान किया है -

- (१)
- (२)
- (३)

(03)

(आ) 'कागज की पोशाक' शब्द की प्रतीकात्मकता स्पष्ट कीजिए।

(02)

(2) जानकारी दीजिए मौजूद गजल संग्रह से

(03)

(अ) डॉ. राहत इंदौरी जी की गजलों की विशेषताएँ -

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.....

(आ) अन्य गजलकारों के नाम -

.....
.....

कृति 3 अ) निम्नलिखित विशेष अध्ययन हेतु दी गई सूचनाओं के अनुसार कृतियों की लिपि :-

(15)

आज नुक्कड़ नाटकों के विषय व्यापक होने लगे हैं। इन विषयों में पर से लेकर शोषण, भ्रष्टाचार, भ्रष्टाचार के ज्वलंत प्रश्न तक आने लगे हैं। प्रशासन भी कई महत्वपूर्ण सामाजिक सदृशों के प्रसारण के लिए नुक्कड़ नाटकों से सहायता लेता है। जल की समस्या, रक्तदान को बढ़ावा देना, प्लास्टिक बंदी, प्रौढ़ साक्षरता, बेटी बचाओ-बेटी पढ़ाओ आदि सामाजिक सरोकार बनाए रखने वाले प्रेणाप्रद विषयों पर नुक्कड़ नाटक जनहितार्थ प्रस्तुत किए जाते हैं। इनके तक अपनी बात सहजता से पहुँचाना इसका मुख्य उद्देश्य है।

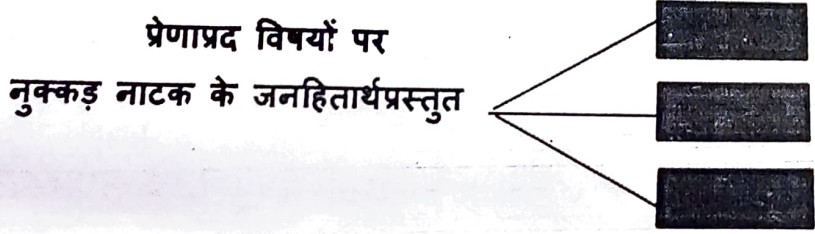
व्यक्ति को जब भीतर से किसी बात की चुभन अनुभव होती है, तभी वह शीघ्र से बदलने की कोशिश करता है। कथ्य के स्तर पर जहाँ वर्तमान सामाजिक, राजनीतिक, आर्थिक एवं सांस्कृतिक परिवर्तन आ रहे हैं, वहाँ हुआ है वहीं तकनीक के स्तर पर अपनी कुछ खास खूबियों को साथ लिये हुए है। विपरीत तथा मंच और दर्शकों के बीच की दूरी पाटते हुए जनता से सीधे साक्षात्कार करना ही नुक्कड़ नाटक का भ्रम को तोड़कर आम जीवन से सीधे जुड़ना जैसे तत्व नुक्कड़ नाटकों के विकास में योग्य रहे हैं।

भारत में नुक्कड़ नाटकों की शुरुआत सामाजिक आवश्यकता के रूप में हुई है। सामाजिक परिवर्तन की आवश्यकता को देखते हुए अनिष्ट रूढ़ियों और परंपराओं पर चोट करने के लिए इसका उपयोग किया गया। अव्यवस्था के प्रति असंतोष तथा जन सामान्य को अपने अधिकारों के प्रति सचेत करने के लिए भी नुक्कड़ नाटकों को माध्यम बनाया गया। धीरे-धीरे नुक्कड़ नाटक कला की एक महत्वपूर्ण शैली के रूप में अपना स्थान बना चुका है।

नुक्कड़ नाटक की विशेषताएँ :-

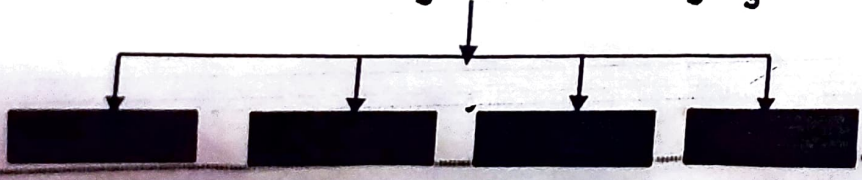
- (1) तात्कालिकता: किसी भी घटना, समस्या का वर्तमान जीवन पर सीधे असर होता है। नुक्कड़ नाटक का देखकर किसी तात्कालिक ज्वलंत समस्या को लिखकर उसकी प्रस्तुति करता है ताकि उस विषय के प्रति जागरूकता निर्माण हो।
- (2) गतिशीलता: नुक्कड़ नाटक के विषय का चयन करते हुए इस बात का ध्यान रखा जाता है कि इसकी प्रवाहमयी धारा में विषय, पात्र तथा दर्शक तेजी से गंतव्य की ओर बढ़ें। नाटक के अंत तक किसी को कुछ सोचने का अवकाश नहीं मिलता। इसमें कथ्य और शिल्प का फैलाव नहीं होता।
- (3) अचूक लक्ष्य: नुक्कड़ नाटक हथियार की तरह जड़ पारंपरिक रूढ़ियों द्वारा किए जा रहे शोषण, अनाचार को खत्म कर वर्गहीन समाज की स्थापना के लिए काम करता है।
- (4) संक्षिप्तता: नुक्कड़ नाटक में संक्षिप्तता का तत्व अनिवार्य है। लंबे-लंबे संवाद या विषय का विस्तार इन नाटकों को उबाऊ बना देते हैं। नुक्कड़ नाटक जितना संक्षिप्त होगा, उसका प्रभाव उतना ही अधिक होगा।
- (5) सहज भाषा और व्यंग्य शैली: नाटककार नुक्कड़ नाटक को प्रायः सहज भाषा और व्यंग्य शैली में प्रस्तुत करता है। बीस-पच्चीस मिनट में किसी गंभीर समस्या का जनभाषा में प्रस्तुतीकरण नुक्कड़ नाटक की स्वाभाविकता और रोचकता को बढ़ाता है।

(1) लिखिए



(05)

(2) कथ्य के स्तर पर नुक्कड़ नाटक सीधे जुड़ा हुआ है



(3)

नुक्कड़ नाटकों के विषय कहाँ व्यापक होने लगे



(4) नुक्कड़ नाटक की विशेषताएँ तथा स्पष्टीकरण

(06)

- (क) विशेषता: स्पष्टीकरण:
- (ख) विशेषता: स्पष्टीकरण:
- (ग) विशेषता: स्पष्टीकरण:
- (घ) विशेषता: स्पष्टीकरण:
- (च) विशेषता: स्पष्टीकरण:
- (छ) विशेषता: स्पष्टीकरण:

(5) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक का उत्तर 80 से 100 शब्दों में लिखिए ।

(04)

(अ) 'नुक्कड़ नाटकों का सीधा असर पड़ता है समाज पर', इस कथन को स्पष्ट कीजिए ।

(आ) 'मौसम' नुक्कड़ नाटक में वर्णित समस्याओं पर प्रकाश डालिए ।

कृति 3 आ) सूचना के अनुसार कृतियाँ कजिए। (4 में से 3)

(12)

(1) विद्यार्थी जीवन में ई-अध्ययन का महत्व स्पष्ट कीजिए ।

(2) सामाजिक सजगता निर्माण करने में आर.जे. का योगदान अपने शब्दों में लिखिए ।

(3) समाचार के महत्वपूर्ण पक्ष स्पष्ट कीजिए ।

(4) 'अंतर्राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर हिंदी रोजगार की भाषा बनती जा रही है', इसपर अपने विचार लिखिए ।

(विभाग - 4: व्याकरण)

कृति 4) सूचना के अनुसार कृतियाँ कजिए।

(15)

(अ) मुहावरे का अर्थ बताकर वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए। (6 में से 3)

(03)

1. आग से खेलना =

2. नाम कमाना =

3. मुट्ठी गर्म करना =

4. कमर कसना =

5. किस्मत खुलना =

6. तितर-बितर होना =

1. Affidavit: =

2. Gazette: =

3. Notification: =

4. Gravitation: =

5. Mechanics: =

6. Orbit: =

(इ) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के भिन्नार्थक अर्थ लिखकर उचित अर्थपूर्णवाक्य तैयार कीजिए: (4 में से 2)

(92)

(१) दिया - दीया -

(२) सदेह - संदेह -

(३) जलज - जलद -

(४) अपत्या - अपत्या -

(ई) पर्यायवाची शब्दों की संख्या लिखिए: (4 में से 2)

(92)

जैसे - बादल - पयोधर, नीरद, अंबुज, जलज

(१) भौरा - भ्रमर, षट्पद, भँवर, हिमकर

(२) धरा - अवनी, शामा, उमा, सीमा

(३) अर-य - वन, विपिन, जंगल, कानन

(४) अनुपमः - अनोखा, अद्वितीय, अनूठा, अमिट



(उ) कोष्ठक की सूचना के अनुसार काल परिवर्तन करके वाक्य फिर से लिखिए - (4 में से 2)

(02)

(१) आप सबको जीत सकते हैं। (सामान्य भविष्यकाल)

(२) बबन उसे सलाम करता है। (पूर्ण भूतकाल)

(३) आकाश का प्यार मेघों के रूप में धरती पर बरसने लगता है। (पूर्ण वर्तमानकाल)

(४) उन लोगों को अपनी ही मेहनत से धन कमाना पड़ता है। (अपूर्ण भूतकाल)

(उ) निम्नलिखित वाक्य शुद्ध करके फिर से लिखिए - (5 में से 3)

(03)

(१) बाबु साहब ईश्वर के लिए मुझ पे दया कीजिए ।

(२) उसे तो मछुवे पर दया करना चाहिए था ।

(३) तुम जूठेसाबित होगा ।

(४) तूम नेदीपक जेब मेंक्यों रख लिया?

(५) इसकी काम आएगा ।

Internal Exam

Duration: -10 min

Sub: हिन्दी

Marks:- 10

(अ) निम्नलिखित पत्रों के प्रारूप तैयार कीजिये :(4 में से 1)

1. निरंतर बढ़ते हुए प्रदुषण से परेशानी
2. लोउदस्पीकरो के शोर से होने वाली परेशानी
3. पेय जल की समस्या
4. दवाईयाँ भेजने के लिए निवेदन

GUARDIAN HIGH SCHOOL & JR COLLEGE, Dombivli [E]

2nd Semester Exam 2023-24

Std: 11th Science/Arts/Commerce

Date :-27/03/2024

Time : 3hrs

Subject : English

Marks : 80

Instructions :

(i) All questions are compulsory. There may be internal option(s). (ii) Answers are to be written in complete sentences. One word answers or incomplete sentences will not be given credit. (iii) Figures/Web-diagrams/Charts/Tables etc. should be drawn and presented completely with proper answers written as instructed. (iv) Use of colour pens/pencils etc. is not allowed. Blue/Black pens are allowed.

SECTION I : PROSE

[Reading for Comprehension, Language Study, Summary, Mind Mapping]

Q. 1. (A) Read the extract and complete the activities given below : (12 Marks)

AI] Read the extract and state whether the following statements are true or false. (2)

- The author is an example of reverse migration.
- The author felt exhausted as he examined his moong fields.
- Moru dāda said that the moong should be planted at once.
- The author was well-prepared to plant moong in his fields.

The First Crop It was April 2004. I stood in the middle of the lush green field of moong (green gram) and looked around me. It was just before sunrise and the sky was turning a bright orange. The ground was damp and the leaves were shining with dew. My bare feet were muddy as I walked around gingerly, inspecting the plants.

Around me were rows of chikoo trees and below a dense foliage of moong. At that point, I could not have asked for anything more. The moong plants, not more than two feet tall, had green pods hanging out. The pods were not yet ripe and there was a light fuzz growing on them. There was still some time before the harvest. I felt exhilarated.

I stood watching the sun rise above the towering trees across the fence and slowly made my way back to the house, a white structure in the middle of this greenery. I could not believe that I was the owner of this land and that I was looking at my first crop as a farmer. After I had paid the advance money for the land, I thought I would have some time to get familiar with farming. But Moru Dada, the broker who got us the land, had other ideas. He was keen that we plant moong at once. I was not prepared for this. I was still reading books and trying to figure out what we could sow and how we should go about it. Moru Dada was quite firm. He said the season was right for sowing moong and the best seeds were available in Surat in

the adjacent state of Gujarat.

I made a quick trip to Surat and bought around 10 kilograms of moong. Moru Dada rented his tractor to plough the land and quickly planted moong all over the place.

A few days later, we were overjoyed to see tiny green leaves. I had never seen moong growing before and was thrilled at the sight. It was the same thrill I had felt as a young boy when I saw the first of the hibiscus I had planted bloom at the Railway Quarters in Vile Parle in Mumbai. I was grateful to have taken Moru's advice.

The next thing Moru Dada wanted to do was spray some pesticide on the plants. He claimed that it would give a higher yield. This was something we did not want to do. We were clear that we would not use any chemicals and tried to explain it to him. He reacted as if we had suggested hara-kiri. It took a lot of convincing to ensure that Moru Dada and his friends did not use any chemicals on the farm. They refused to understand how crops could grow without sprays.

Contrary to what everyone had told us, nature did her job and she needed no bribes to get the work done. Soon it was harvest time and we managed a respectable 300 kilograms. An awful lot of moong and with it a lot of confidence. Now I was certain the land was fertile and that it was possible to grow crops without chemicals. It was a major morale booster.

A2] Name the following .

(2)

- a) The state which was adjacent to the authors place.
- b) The amount of moong harvested by the author.

A3] Describe the scene on the farm and give reasons for the authors feeling of happiness. (2)

A4] When you read the writers description , do you wish to be on a farm yourself? (2)

A5] Language study

(2)

a) There was still some time before the harvest. (Rewrite as a negative sentence.)

b) **State whether the following sentence is simple , compound or complex.**

The pods were not yet ripe and there was a light fuzz growing on them.

A6] Give the noun form of the following word

(2)

a) Farming

b) Planted

Q1B) Language Study :

(4 Marks)

B1. Do as directed :

(3)

1] Choose the correct alternative to convert the given sentence to a positive degree.

Sunita is the most loyal employee of our firm.

- a. Sunita is not the most disloyal employee of our firm.
- b. Sunita is the most not disloyal employee of our firm.
- c. No other employee of our firm is as loyal as Sunita.
- d. No other employee of our firm is the most loyal as Sunita.

2] He is MLA from our area..... most corrupt person. (Use the suitable article in the above sentence and rewrite it.)

3] Choose the correct alternative to make the given sentence a negative sentence. "As soon as he entered the room, he noticed the unusual presence".

- a. As soon as he entered the room, he did not miss the unusual presence.
- b. As soon as he entered the room, he was unnoticed by the unusual presence.
- c. No sooner did he entered the room than he noticed the unusual presence.
- d. No sooner did he enter the room than he noticed the unusual presence.

B2. Spot the error/s in the given sentence and rewrite the correct sentence : (1)

1] I read an essay who was about the importance of The English language.

Q.2A) Read the following extract and do the activity given below: (12Marks)

A1 State whether the following statements are true or false . (2)

- a] Principal Bhave was a Chemistry Teacher.
- b] Mashelkar wanted to become a scientist.
- c] The school had to innovate to convey to the young students the message of Sociology.
- d] It was Friday evening when, Principal Bhave took students out into the Sun to demonstrate to us as to how to find the focal length of a convex lens.

My second great guru was Principal Bhave. He taught us Physics. Because it was a poor school, I remember, it had to innovate to convey to the young students the message of Science.

I still remember one of the interesting experiences when, on a Friday afternoon, Principal Bhave took us out into the Sun to demonstrate to us as to how to find the focal length of a convex lens. He had a piece of paper here, a convex lens here and he moved it up and down and there was a point when there was a sharp focus and a bright spot on the paper. He showed the distance between paper and the lens and said that this distance was the focal length. But then the paper started burning. For some reason, he then turned to me, and said, "Mashelkar, if you focus your energies like this, you can burn anything in the world." My young friends, from this I got two lessons - first the philosophy of my life that is we focus, we can achieve anything. And the second about the power of science. It was so powerful. I thought to myself why don't I become a scientist. It left an indelible mark in my mind.

By the way, if you think carefully about that story, it also tells you about the new model for the society and for the nation. What is the experiment? You have the lens. And what does the lens do? It takes the parallel rays of the Sun and then lets them converge. And what is the property of parallel lines? Parallel lines never meet. Parallel rays never meet but the lens actually makes them meet. I call it 'Convex lens' leadership by the way leadership that brings people together...

A2 Which two lessons did Mashelkar learn from Principal Bhave ? (2)

A3. Complete the following sentences. (2)

a) Because it was a poor school, I remember, _____

b) Parallel rays never meet but _____

A4] Whom would you consider your greatest guru? Why? (2)

A5] Rewrite the following sentences in the ways instructed: (2)

a) Principal Bhave took us out into the sun. [Rewrite beginning with 'we were']

b) He ~~though~~ us Physics. [Add Question Tag]
taught

A6] Do as directed (2)

a) Give noun form of :- innovate

b) I still remember one of the interesting experiences [Rewrite using 'not']

Q2B) Summary:

Write a summary of the above extract with the help of the following points and suggest a suitable title. (3)

Guru --- young students the message of Science----- Philosophy---- new model for the society----- leadership that brings people together -----

Q2C) Mind Mapping :

(3)

Develop a 'Mind Mapping' frame/design using your ideas/ thoughts / concepts to illustrate / develop on the topic: 'Best Sources of Entertainment'.

SECTION II : POETRY

[Comprehension and Appreciation]

Q. 3. (A) Read the extract and complete the activities given below : (10 Marks)

A1] Choose the correct alternative for the given line. Focus on the inference of the poet. (2)

1) 'Earth has not anything to show more fair:'

The line means - _____.

- a) The poet thinks that the place was not so good.
- b) The poet thinks that there is another place that is more beautiful than this.
- c) The poet thinks that there is no place on the earth which is as beautiful as this one.

2) 'Dull would he be of soul who could pass by'

The line means - _____.

- a) One can walk over the bridge and ignore the surrounding beauty
- b) One can halt at the place to enjoy the beauty.
- c) Anyone with an appreciative mind would not be able to ignore the beauty.

Earth has not anything to show more fair:

Dull would he be of soul who could pass by

A sight so touching in its majesty → 1

This city now doth, like a garment, wear

The beauty of the morning: silent, bare,

Ships, towers, domes, theatres, and temples lie

Open unto the fields, and to the sky:

All bright and glittering in the smokeless air. → 2

Never did sun more beautifully steep

In his first splendour valley, rock, or hill:

Ne'er saw I, never felt, a calm, so deep!

The river glideth at his own sweet will: → 3

Dear God! the very houses seem asleep: → 4

And all that mighty heart is lying still!

A2] Find out the words and phrases which describe the following.

(2)

| | | |
|----|-------|--|
| a) | sight | |
| b) | air | |
| c) | river | |
| d) | house | |

A3] "The pride of any city is its skyline." Give your views about the place where you reside and what makes you feel proud about it. (2)

A4] 'The city now, doth, like garment wear'. (Name and explain figures of speech) (2)

A5] Creativity:

(2)

Compose a poem in an imaginary village. Try to maintain the rhyme scheme in the poem. You may begin like this....

Settled on the bank of a river
Like a queen
Is my beautiful village
Full of bushes green.

SECTION III : WRITING SKILLS

Q. 4. Complete the activities as per the instructions given below(ATTEMPT ANY 5):
[20 Marks]

1) Expand the following idea in about 100/150 words with the help of the points given below: 'All is well that Ends well.

- Well begun is just half done
- It's all about the finishing touch
- Patience and perseverance are always counted
- Happy ending leads to satisfaction

2) Write a 'Blog' in a proper format on 'Yoga - A practice for better living' with the help of the following points in about 100/150 words:

- Importance of Yoga in life
- Keeps body fit and healthy
- Refreshes soul and mind
- Stress buster
- Meditation helps in focusing

3) You purchased 42 inches Smart T.V. four months ago from M.G. Electronics and Appliances. It is not working properly and also it doesn't have good sound and picture quality. The warranty period of the T.V. is still valid. Write an E-mail in about 100/150 words to the shop owner complaining about the problem .

4) Imagine, you have to conduct an interview of a teacher who recently received the Ideal Teacher Award from the state government. With the help of the given table and points, draft questions for an interview.

(Do not change the sequence of the questions.)

- Name of the interviewee
- Area of success/reputation
- Date/Venue/Time
- Duration of interview

5] Write a review of a film you have recently seen based on any four of the following points :

- * Names of the characters (main and supporting roles)
- * About the Story/Theme of the film
- * Special features/novelties/novel ideas
- * Music/Dance/Songs/Action/Direction
- * Why did you like/not like the film
- * Should others watch this film/Would you recommend it to your friends? Why?

6] Suppose, you are going to compere in a felicitation programme of the meritorious students in H.S.C. Board Examination of your junior college. As a compere, prepare the whole programme script considering the sequence and details of the overall programme. You may take help of the given hints:

[Welcome song, Introductory speech, Presentation of the result, Felicitation of meritorious students, Representative talks/Speeches by meritorious students and their parents, Small interview session, Chairperson's address, Vote of thanks.]

SECTION IV : LITERARY GENRE – NOVEL

Q. 5. (A) Answer the following questions :

(4 Marks)

A1] Match the following periods of history with type of drama.

(2)

| Sr no | Period | Type of Drama |
|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Medieval Period | 3 Revenge plays |
| 2 | Renaissance Period | 4 Stream of consciousness |
| 3 | Restoration Period | 1 Didactic plays |
| 4 | Modern Period | 2 Heroic drama |

dialogue
Plot
setting
stage direction

A2] List the four elements of Drama.

(2)

(B) Answer the following questions in about 50 words :

(4 Marks)

B1] The stranger stays with the sergeant. Find the reason why? (2)

B2] Give the gist of the novel in your own words. (2)

(C) Answer the following questions in about 50 words :

(4 Marks)

- C1] What changes in the stage setting would you suggest? (2)
- C2] Shakespeare is acknowledged as the greatest writer because he understood human nature better than anyone else. Explain the statement in the context of the play. (2)

(D) Answer the following questions :

- D1] Describe in your own words the incident when Hovstad's real intention to help Dr. Stockmann is exposed. (4 Marks)
- D2] Write a short synopsis of the novel "An Enemy of the People." (2)

+++++THE END+++++

INTERNAL EXAMS (10 MARKS)

1) Do as directed

1) Write the opposites with prefixes and suffixes.(5marks)

- 1) ~~l~~iterate x
- 2) ~~an~~war x
- 3) ~~un~~clear x
- 4) ~~un~~willing x
- 5) ~~un~~pleasant x

2) Write down the superlative form of the following words.(5marks)

1. Kind-
2. Young-
3. Brave-
4. Fine-
5. Happy-

Duration: - 3 hours

Sub: - Secretarial Practice

Date: 28/3/24

Marks: 80

Q.1 (A) Select the correct option and rewrite the sentence:

- i) A secretary is a custodian of _____ information. (05)
(a) Confidential (b) individual (c) Investigate
- ii) Indian Partnership Act was passed in the year _____
(a) 1923 (b) 1932 (c) 1956
- iii) A director must have a _____
(a) DIN (b) PIN (c) CIN
- iv) _____ describes the relationship between the company and outsiders.
(a) Memorandum of Association (b) Article of Association (c) Prospectus
- v) _____ cannot be a member of a company.
(a) Foreigner (b) Woman (c) Minor

Q.1. (B) Match the following:

(05)

| Group A | | Group B | |
|---------|--------------------|---------|----------------------------|
| i) | Amatya | a) ५ | Extensive power of members |
| ii) | Board of Directors | b) ४ | Auditor's report |
| iii) | Minutes | c) | Atleast 2 directors |
| iv) | Auditor | d) १ | Ancient Indian history |
| v) | Private company | e) ३ | Records of meeting |
| | | f) २ | Atleast 3 directors |

Q.1. (C) Give one word/Phrase/Term:

(05)

- (i) A meeting of all directors of a company.
(ii) A slip which is used for withdrawing money from saving account.
(iii) A secretary appointed by an individual.
(iv) An artificial person created by law.
(v) Clause which describes the main activities of a company can undertake.

Q.1 (E) State True or False

(05)

- (i) Memorandum of Association describes the nature and character of the company.
(ii) Written communication provides permanent record.
(iii) DIN is required for secretaryship.
(iv) A resolution is passed by $\frac{3}{4}$ majority.
(v) A member has a right to attend board meetings.

Q.2. Explain the following terms/concepts (Any 4)

(08)

- a) Director (b) Fixed Deposits (c) Registrar of companies
d) secretary (e) Government companies (f) Promoters

Q.3. Study the following cases/situation and express your opinion (Any 2) (06)

(i) Mr. T along with his 5 friends have submitted all the necessary documents for incorporation of TRIM private limited company.

- (a) How many minimum promoters are needed to incorporate a private company?
- (b) When can TRIM private Limited company be said to have come into existence?
- (c) Name the two most important documents that must be submitted at the time of Incorporation of a company.

(ii) Mr. Ravi is the secretary who has been asked by the Managing Director to inform a director about a decision taken in a board meeting which he was absent.
Which aspect of essentials of a good business letter he follows:

- (a) When he is giving the required information in a very short and brief manner.
- (b) When he is using courteous words so as to be polite.
- (c) When he is giving the entire information about the meeting in a proper manner.

(clarity, conciseness, Coherence, courtesy, completeness, correctness)

(iii) Platinum Limited company was incorporated on 1st January 2018. Advise the Board of Directors on the following matters.

- (a) Within what period should the company holds its 1st Annual General Meeting?
- (b) At which place should the Annual General Meeting be held.
- (c) How many days in advance should the notice and agenda be sent to a members?

Q.4. Distinguish between: (Any 3) (12)

(i) Current Account and Saving Account.

(ii) Personal secretary and Company secretary

(iii) Sole trading concern and Partnership firm

(iv) Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association

Q.5. Answer in brief: (Any 2) (08)

- i) State any four clauses of Memorandum of Association.
- ii) State any 4 rights of members of the company.
- iii) State any four powers of board of directors.

Q.6. Justify the following statement: (Any 2) (08)

- i) There is a difference between loans and advances given by the bank.
- ii) A notice of meeting must be sent to all the members in case of general meeting.
- iii) Memorandum of Association defines the limitations of the powers of the company.
- iv) Promoters play an important role in formation of a company.

Q.7. Attempt the following: (Any 2)

- i) Explain the qualities of secretary.
- ii) State the importance of minutes.
- iii) Explain different parts of business

Q.8. Answer the following: (Any 1)

- i) State the features of Co-operative society.
- ii) Explain the duties of Director.

Q.1 (A) Assertion and reasoning.

(5M)

i. Assertion (A) : Literacy is a powerful instrument of socio-economic change.

Reasoning (R) : Empowerment of women helps to reduce gender disparity.

Options : 1) (A) is True, but (R) is False

2) (A) is False, but (R) is True

3) Both (A) and (R) are True and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

4) Both (A) and (R) are True but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

ii. Assertion (A) : Poverty is not just lack of money but also lack of capabilities.

Reasoning (R) : Lack of freedom to satisfy hunger, lack of health care facilities, denial of political freedom leads to poverty.

Options : 1) (A) is True, but (R) is False.

2) (A) is False, but (R) is True.

3) Both (A) and (R) are True and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

4) Both (A) and (R) are True, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

iii. Assertion (A) Delicensing of industries was an important step taken under liberalization.

Reasoning (R) Unwanted controls and restrictions led to economic stagnation prior to 1991.

Options: 1) (A) is TRUE but (R) is FALSE

2) (A) is FALSE but (R) is TRUE

3) (A) and (R) both are TRUE and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

4) (A) and (R) both are TRUE but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

iv. Assertion (A) : Urban poverty is attributed mainly to spillover effects of migration among the rural poor.

Reasoning (R) : Poor rural infrastructure, lack of alternative jobs results in forced migration.

Options : 1) (A) is True, but (R) is False.

2) (A) is False, but (R) is True.

3) Both (A) and (R) are True and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

4) Both (A) and (R) are True, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

v. Assertion (A) : Indian economy is pre-dominantly rural economy

Reasoning (R) : As per 2011 census, the country's rural population is almost 83.25 crore (68.8% of total population)

Options : 1) (A) is True but (R) is False

2) (A) is False but (R) is True

3) Both (A) and (R) are True and (R) is the correct explanation of A.

4) Both (A) and (R) are True but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

(B) Give economic term.

i. Conscious and deliberate choice of economic priorities by some public authority.

ii. Concept of poverty that concerns material and non-material dimensions.

iii. Movement that promotes values of self-help democracy and equality.

iv. Increase in population is faster than economic growth and development.

v. Provision for making future payments.

C) Find the odd word out

(5M)

- i. Liberalization, Privatization, Demonetization, Globalisation.
- ii. Percentile, Mean, Deciles, Quartiles
- iii. Energy, Transport, Education, Communication
- iv. Colours of Ration card: White, Green, Saffron, Yellow
- v. Navratna status companies: SPCL, IOC, ONGC, HPCL.

(D) Complete the following correlation

(5M)

- i. Arthashastra: Kautilya :: Wealth of nations: _____
- ii. Barter System: Goods :: Modern Money : _____
- iii. Short term credit: Seeds :: Long term credit : _____
- iv. Frictional unemployment: Shortage of raw materials :: _____ : Fluctuations in business activities.
- v. Percentile: Dividing the whole set into 100 equal parts :: Quartiles: _____

Q.2. (A) Identify and explain the following concepts (ANY THREE)

(6M)

- i. Karuna's mother saves Rs.1000 every month out of her given salary.
- ii. To prevent misuse /fraudulent use of the national currency, a note ban is imposed on its use at certain times.
- iii. Ramraoji takes a loan from the bank for a period of ten years subject to terms and conditions for the purpose of irrigated farming.
- iv. Satish has completed his post-graduation and is desperately searching for jobs.
- v. Vehicles manufactured by various automobile companies are now available in India.

(B) Distinguish between (ANY THREE)

(6M)

- i. Economic growth and economic development.
- ii. Institutional credit and non- institutional credit
- iii. NITI Aayog and Planning commission
- iv. Absolute poverty and relative poverty
- v. Economic infrastructure and social infrastructure

Q.3. Answer the following questions. (ANY THREE)

(12M)

- i. Explain any five features of economic planning.
- ii. Explain any five features of economic policy 1991.
- iii. Explain any five causes of poverty.
- iv. Explain any four types of unemployment.
- v. Explain the structure of NITI Aayog.

Q.4. State with reasons whether you agree or disagree with the following statements. (ANY TWO) (10M)

- i. All wants can be satisfied at a time.
- ii. There are no difficulties in barter system.
- iii. Human resource play a important role in economic development.
- iv. State government have more significant role to play under 111 ways.
- v. Birth rate is declining due to changes in the standard of living.

Q.5. Study the following table/figure/passage and answer the questions given below. (ANY TWO) (8M)

i.

Calculate Q_1 , D_4 and P_{26} for the following data.

18, 24, 45, 29, 4, 7, 28, 49, 16, 26, 25, 12, 10, 9, 8

ii.

Calculate P_{15} for the following data.

| Investment (₹ in lakhs) | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 |
|----------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ng. of firms | 5 | 10 | 25 | 30 | 20 | 10 |

iii. Read the passage and answer the following questions.

Government of India has launched an ambitious programme of 'Bharatnet' for rural India by keeping in mind today's modern era. More than one lakh rural (Grampanchayat) areas have been connected under Bharatnet high speed broadband scheme. Maharashtra has become the best performing state. East Uttar Pradesh, Chattisgarh, Rajasthan and Jharkhand have also been placed among the best performing states in the first phase of Bharatnet broad band connection scheme.

- 1) Why did the Government of India launch the Bharatnet project?
- 2) How many Grampanchayats have received the Internet service?
- 3) Which states have been placed as the best performing states in the first phase of Bharatnet?
- 4) 'Internet has brought the world closer' - Express your views on it.

Q. 6. Answer the following questions in detail (ANY TWO)

(16M)

- i. Explain the meaning and different concepts of microeconomics.
- ii. Explain the evolution of money.
- iii. Discuss the evaluation of Economic Policy 1991.